

General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2001

LCO No. 7812

Offered by:

REP. LAWLOR, 99th Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. 6652

File No. 589

Cal. No. 401

"AN ACT CONCERNING REVISIONS TO THE CHILD PROTECTION LAWS."

- 1 Strike section 4 in its entirety and renumber the remaining sections
- 2 accordingly:
- 3 After line 201, insert the following:
- 4 "Sec. 7. Subsection (j) of section 46b-129 of the general statutes is
- 5 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 6 (j) Upon finding and adjudging that any child or youth is uncared-
- 7 for, neglected or dependent, the court may commit [him] such child or
- 8 <u>youth</u> to the Commissioner of Children and Families. [for a maximum
- 9 period of twelve months, unless such period is extended in accordance
- 10 with the provisions of subsection (k) of this section] Such commitment
- 11 shall remain in effect until further order of the court pursuant to the
- 12 provisions of subsection (k) of this section, as amended by this act,
- provided such commitment [or any extension thereof] may be revoked
- or parental rights terminated at any time by the court, or the court may

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vest such child's or youth's care and personal custody in any private or public agency which is permitted by law to care for neglected, uncared-for or dependent children or youth or with any person or persons found to be suitable and worthy of such responsibility by the court. The court shall order specific steps which the parent must take to facilitate the return of the child or youth to the custody of such parent. The commissioner shall be the guardian of such child or youth for the duration of the commitment, provided the child or youth has not reached the age of eighteen years or, in the case of a child or youth in full-time attendance in a secondary school, a technical school, a college or a state-accredited job training program, provided such child or youth has not reached the age of twenty-one, by consent of such youth, or until another guardian has been legally appointed, and in like manner, upon such vesting of [his] the care of such child or youth, such other public or private agency or individual shall be the guardian of such child or youth until [he] such child or youth has reached the age of eighteen years or, in the case of a child or youth in full-time attendance in a secondary school, a technical school, a college or a state-accredited job training program, until such child or youth has reached the age of twenty-one years or until another guardian has been legally appointed. Said commissioner may place any child or youth so committed to [him] the commissioner in a suitable foster home or in the home of a person related by blood to such child or youth or in a licensed child-caring institution or in the care and custody of any accredited, licensed or approved child-caring agency, within or without the state, provided a child shall not be placed outside the state except for good cause and unless the parents of such child are notified in advance of such placement and given an opportunity to be heard, or in a receiving home maintained and operated by the Commissioner of Children and Families. In placing such child or youth, said commissioner shall, if possible, select a home, agency, institution or person of like religious faith to that of a parent of such child or youth, if such faith is known or may be ascertained by reasonable inquiry, provided such home conforms to the standards of said commissioner and the commissioner shall, when placing siblings,

50 if possible, place such children together. As an alternative to

- 51 commitment, the court may place the child in the custody of the parent
- 52 or guardian with protective supervision by the Commissioner of
- 53 Children and Families subject to conditions established by the court.
- Sec. 8. Subsection (k) of section 46b-129 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- [(k) (1) Ten months after the adjudication of neglect of the child or youth or twelve months after the vesting of temporary care and custody pursuant to subsection (b) of this section]
- 59 (k) (1) Nine months after placement of the child or youth in the care 60 and custody of the commissioner pursuant to a voluntary placement 61 agreement, or removal of a child or youth pursuant to section 17a-101g 62 or an order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction, whichever is 63 earlier, the commissioner shall file a motion for review of a 64 permanency plan and to [extend] maintain or revoke the commitment. 65 [Ten] Nine months after a permanency plan has been approved by the 66 court pursuant to this subsection, [unless the court has approved 67 placement in long-term foster care with an identified person or an 68 independent living program, or the commissioner has filed a petition 69 for termination of parental rights or motion to transfer guardianship, 70 the commissioner shall file a motion for review of the permanency 71 plan and to [extend] maintain or revoke the commitment. Any party 72 seeking to oppose the commissioner's permanency plan or the 73 maintaining or revocation of commitment shall file a motion in 74 opposition within thirty days after the filing of the commissioner's 75 motion for review of the permanency plan and to maintain or revoke 76 commitment. A permanency hearing on any [such] motion for review 77 of the permanency plan and to maintain or revoke commitment shall 78 be held within [sixty] ninety days of the filing of such motion. The 79 court shall hold evidentiary hearings in connection with any contested 80 motion for review of the permanency plan and to maintain or revoke 81 commitment. The burden of proof shall be upon the commissioner to 82 establish that the commitment should be maintained. After the initial

permanency hearing, subsequent permanency hearings shall be held not less frequently than every twelve months while the child or youth remains in the custody of the Commissioner of Children and Families. The court shall provide notice to the child or youth, and [his] the parent or guardian of such child or youth of the time and place of the court hearing on any such motion not less than fourteen days prior to such hearing.

- (2) At [such] a permanency hearing held in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the court shall determine whether it is appropriate to continue to make reasonable efforts to reunify the child or youth with the parent, unless the court has previously determined that such efforts are not appropriate pursuant to this subdivision or section 17a-111b. In making this determination, the court shall consider the best interests of the child, including the child's need for permanency. If the court finds upon clear and convincing evidence that further efforts are not appropriate, the commissioner has no duty to make further efforts to reunify the child or youth with the parent. If the court finds that further efforts are appropriate, such efforts shall ensure that the child or youth's health and safety are protected and such efforts shall be specified by the court, including the services to be provided to the parent, what steps the parent may take to address the problem that prevents the child or youth from safely reuniting with the parent and a time period, not longer than six months, for such steps to be accomplished.
- (3) At [such] a permanency hearing held in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the court shall approve a permanency plan that is in the best interests of the child or youth and takes into consideration the [child] child's or youth's need for permanency. The child's or youth's health and safety shall be of paramount concern in formulating such plan. Such permanency plan may include the goal of (A) revocation of commitment and placement of the child or youth with the parent or guardian, with or without protective supervision; [(B) placing the child or youth in an independent living program; (C)] (B) transfer of guardianship; [(D)

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approval of (C) long-term foster care with [an identified foster parent; (E)] a relative licensed as a foster parent or certified as a relative caregiver; (D) adoption and filing of termination of parental rights; [(F) if the permanency plan identifies adoption as an option, a thorough adoption assessment and child specific recruitment. As used in this subdivision, "thorough adoption assessment" means conducting and documenting face-to-face interviews with the child, foster care providers, and other significant parties and "child specific recruitment" means recruiting an adoptive placement targeted to meet the individual needs of the specific child, including, but not limited to, use of the media, use of photo-listing services and any other in-state or out-of-state resources that may be used to meet the specific needs of the child, unless there are extenuating circumstances that indicate that these efforts are not in the best interest of the child; or (G)] or (E) such other [appropriate action] planned permanent living arrangement ordered by the court, provided the Commissioner of Children and Families has documented a compelling reason why it would not be in the best interest of the child or youth for the permanency plan to include the goals in subparagraphs (A) to (D), inclusive, of this subdivision. Such other planned permanent living arrangement may include, but not be limited to, placement of a child or youth in an independent living program or long term foster care with an identified foster parent.

(4) At [the] a permanency [plan] hearing held in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the court shall review the status of the child, the progress being made to implement the permanency plan, [and] determine a timetable for attaining the permanency [prescribed by the] plan and determine whether the commissioner has made reasonable efforts to achieve the permanency plan. The court shall [extend] maintain commitment if [extension] it is in the best interests of the child or youth. [for a period of twelve months.] The court shall revoke commitment if a cause for commitment no longer exists and it is in the best interests of the child or youth.

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Sec. 9. Subsection (o) of section 46b-129 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

- (o) A foster parent shall have [standing] the right to be heard for the purposes of this section in Superior Court in matters concerning the placement or revocation of commitment of a foster child living with such parent. A foster parent shall receive notice of any motion to revoke commitment or any hearing on such motion. A foster parent who has cared for a child or youth for not less than six months shall have [standing to] the right to be heard and comment on the best interests of such child or youth in any matter under this section which is brought not more than one year after the last day the foster parent provided such care.
- Sec. 10. Section 17a-42 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
 - (a) There is established within the Department of Children and Families a photo-listing service which shall include, but need not be limited to, a book and an electronic format containing a photograph and description of each child to be photo-listed. Such book and its electronic format shall be distributed to all child care and child-placing agencies, as such terms are defined in section 45a-707, and to other organizations concerned with adoption. Such photo-listing service shall recruit adoptive families for children who are legally free for adoption under section 45a-725, and have remained in foster care or institutions for a period of thirty days or more, such thirty days to include any period of foster or institutional care immediately preceding the date on which such child was legally free for adoption. Such photo-listing service may recruit prospective adoptive families for children who are not yet legally free for adoption under section 45a-725, provided the court has approved a permanency plan for adoption pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (k) of section 46b-129, as amended by this act. The Commissioner of Children and Families shall employ under [his] the commissioner's direction and control such persons as [he] the commissioner deems necessary for the

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184 effective performance of such photo-listing service.

(b) Under sections 17a-112 and 45a-717, the court may order that a child be photo-listed within thirty days of the termination of parental rights as a condition of granting an order of termination of parental rights if the court determines that it is in the best interests of the child. Under subdivision (3) of subsection (k) of section 46b-129, as amended by this act, the court may order that a child be photo-listed within thirty days of the approval of a permanency plan for adoption if the court determines that it is in the best interest of the child. The court shall not order that a child twelve years of age or older be photo-listed unless such child consents to such photo-listing.

- (c) Said commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to implement and maintain a photo-listing service. Such regulations shall include, but not be limited to, procedures for registration of children with the photo-listing service and format and media selection for presenting photo-listed children to the public. The commissioner shall, within available appropriations, establish, maintain and distribute a photo-listing service book. The commissioner, within available appropriations, shall contract with a nonprofit agency to establish and maintain the photo-listing service in its electronic format.
- Sec. 11. Subsection (d) of section 17a-10 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
 - (d) If the Superior Court requests a report on any committed child, the commissioner shall be responsible for preparing and transmitting such report to the requesting court. Not more than sixty days nor less than thirty days prior to the expiration of the original commitment of any child to the department, the commissioner may [petition the court] file a motion for an extension of commitment pursuant to the provisions of section 46b-141, as amended by this act. If the commissioner, or the board of review pursuant to the provisions of section 17a-15, at any time during the commitment of any child,

determines that termination of commitment of a child is in the best

- 217 interest of such child, the commissioner or the board may terminate
- 218 the commitment and such termination shall be effective without
- 219 further action by the court.
- Sec. 12. Section 17a-114 of the general statutes, as amended by
- substitute house bill 6967 of the current session, is repealed and the
- 222 following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 223 (a) No child in the custody of the Commissioner of Children and
- 224 Families shall be placed with any person, unless such person is
- licensed by the department for that purpose. Any person licensed by
- the department to accept placement of a child is deemed to be licensed
- 227 to accept placement as a foster family or prospective adoptive family.
- 228 The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the
- 229 provisions of chapter 54, to establish the licensing procedures and
- 230 standards.
- 231 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (a) of this
- section, the commissioner may place a child with a relative who is not
- 233 <u>licensed for a period of up to ninety days when such placement is in</u>
- 234 the best interests of the child, provided a satisfactory home visit is
- 235 conducted, a basic assessment of the family is completed and such
- 236 relative attests that such relative and any adult living within the
- 237 <u>household have not been convicted of a crime or arrested for a felony</u>
- 238 <u>against a person, for injury or risk of injury to or impairing the morals</u>
- of a child, or for the possession, use or sale of a controlled substance.
- 240 Any such relative who accepts placement of a child in excess of such
- 241 <u>ninety-day period shall be subject to licensure by the commissioner,</u>
- 242 <u>except that any such relative who, prior to July 1, 2001, had been</u>
- 243 <u>certified by the commissioner to provide care for a related child may</u>
- 244 continue to maintain such certification if such relative continues to
- 245 meet the regulatory requirements and the child remains in such
- 246 relative's care. The commissioner may grant a waiver, for a child
- 247 placed with a relative, on a case-by-case basis, from such procedure or
- 248 standard, except any safety standard, based on the home of the relative

and the needs and best interests of such child. The reason for any waiver granted shall be documented. The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to establish certification procedures and standards for a caretaker who is a relative of such child.

[(b)] (c) The Commissioner of Children and Families, when conducting any criminal history records check, shall arrange for the fingerprinting or for the conducting of any other method of positive identification required by the State Police Bureau of Identification or the Federal Bureau of Identification. The fingerprints and other positive identifying information shall be forwarded to the State Police Bureau of Identification, which shall conduct a state criminal history records check and submit the fingerprints or other identifying information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history records check. The commissioner shall also check the state child abuse registry established pursuant to section 17a-101k for the name of such applicant or licensee."